

# Nanolithography at ICMM

i). ICMM Facilities

ii). Scanning Probe Lithography: oxidation SPL

iii) Nanopatterning & Nanodevices

2D Materials

iv). Summary

rednanolito



# Instituto de Ciencia Materiales de Madrid



103 staff  
360 staff+pot-docs+graduate  
students+technicians+administrative

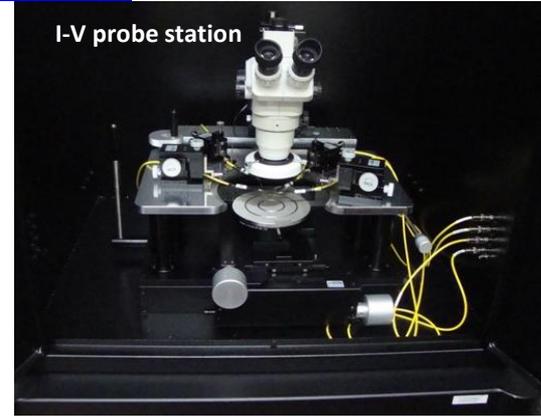
Materials for a sustainable world  
Materials for health  
Materials for emerging technologies



**Quantifiable scientific excellence in  
Materials Science and Nanotechnology**

33 staff

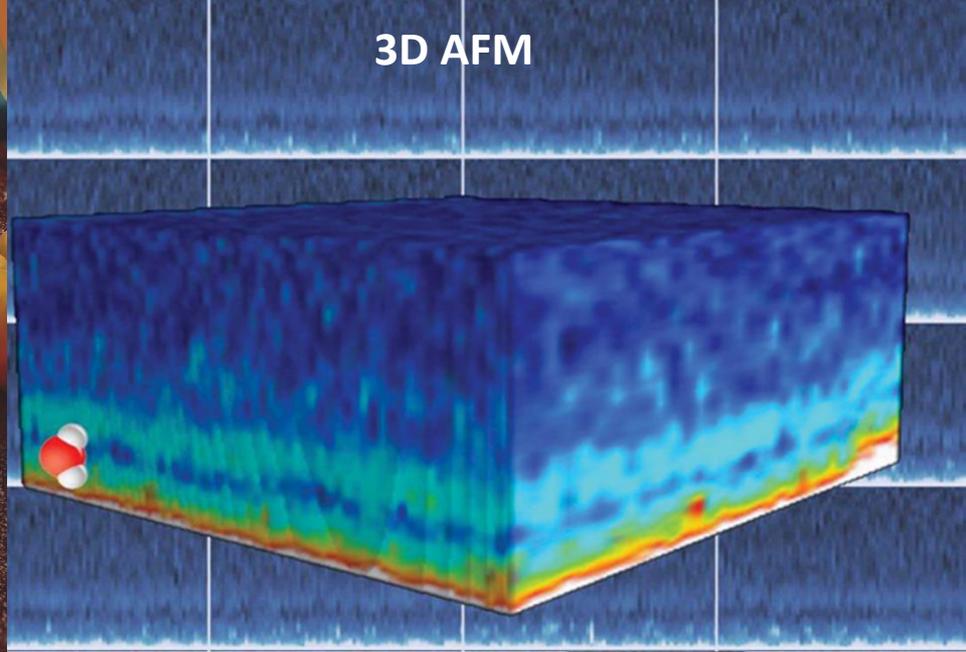
# Clean room equipment



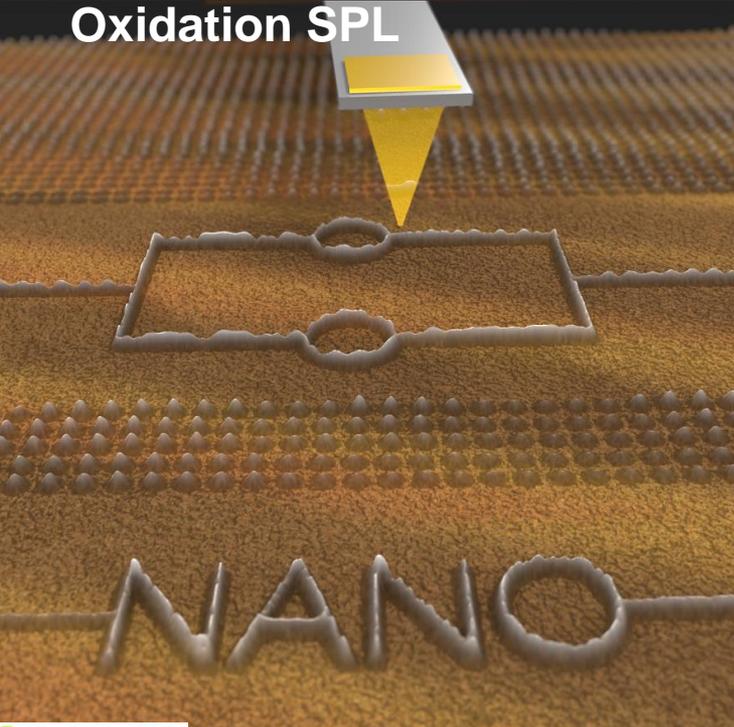
# Nanomechanical Spectroscopy



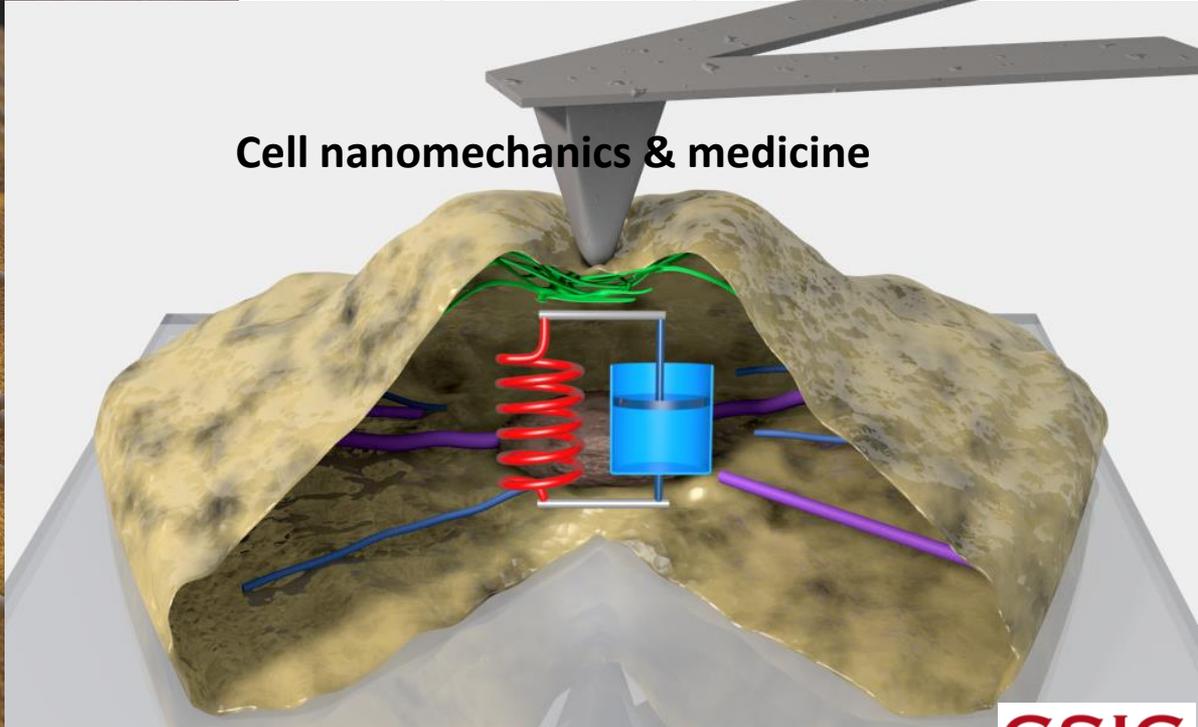
# 3D AFM



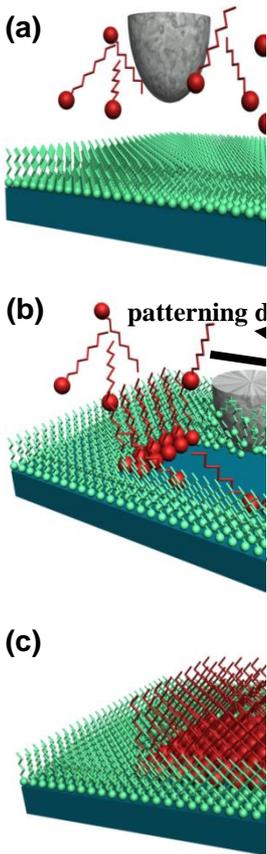
# Oxidation SPL



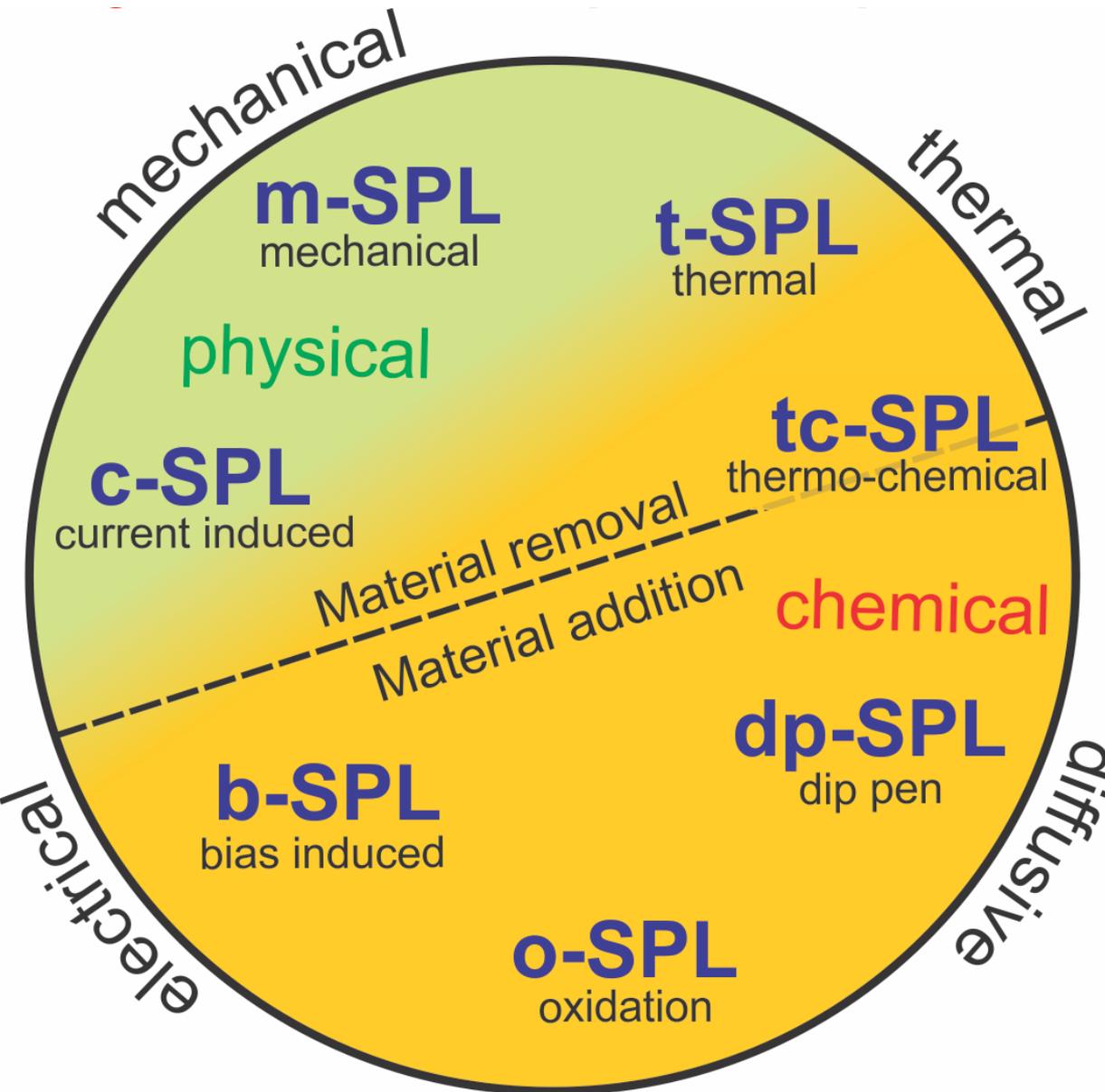
# Cell nanomechanics & medicine



Nanoshaving/



G. Liu (1997)



R. Garcia, A.W. Knoll, E. Riedo, *Nature Nanotechnology* **9**, 577 (2014)

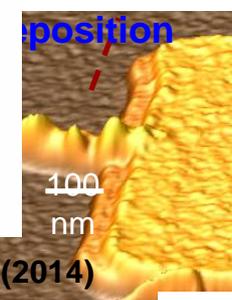
Scanning Probe  
Microscopy



Scanning  
Probe  
Microscopy



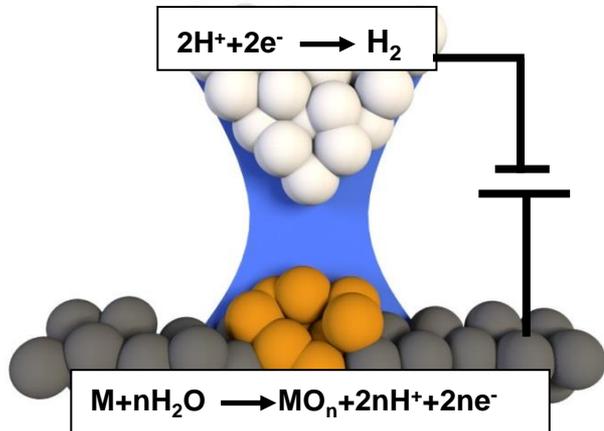
H. Butt (1995)



100  
nm

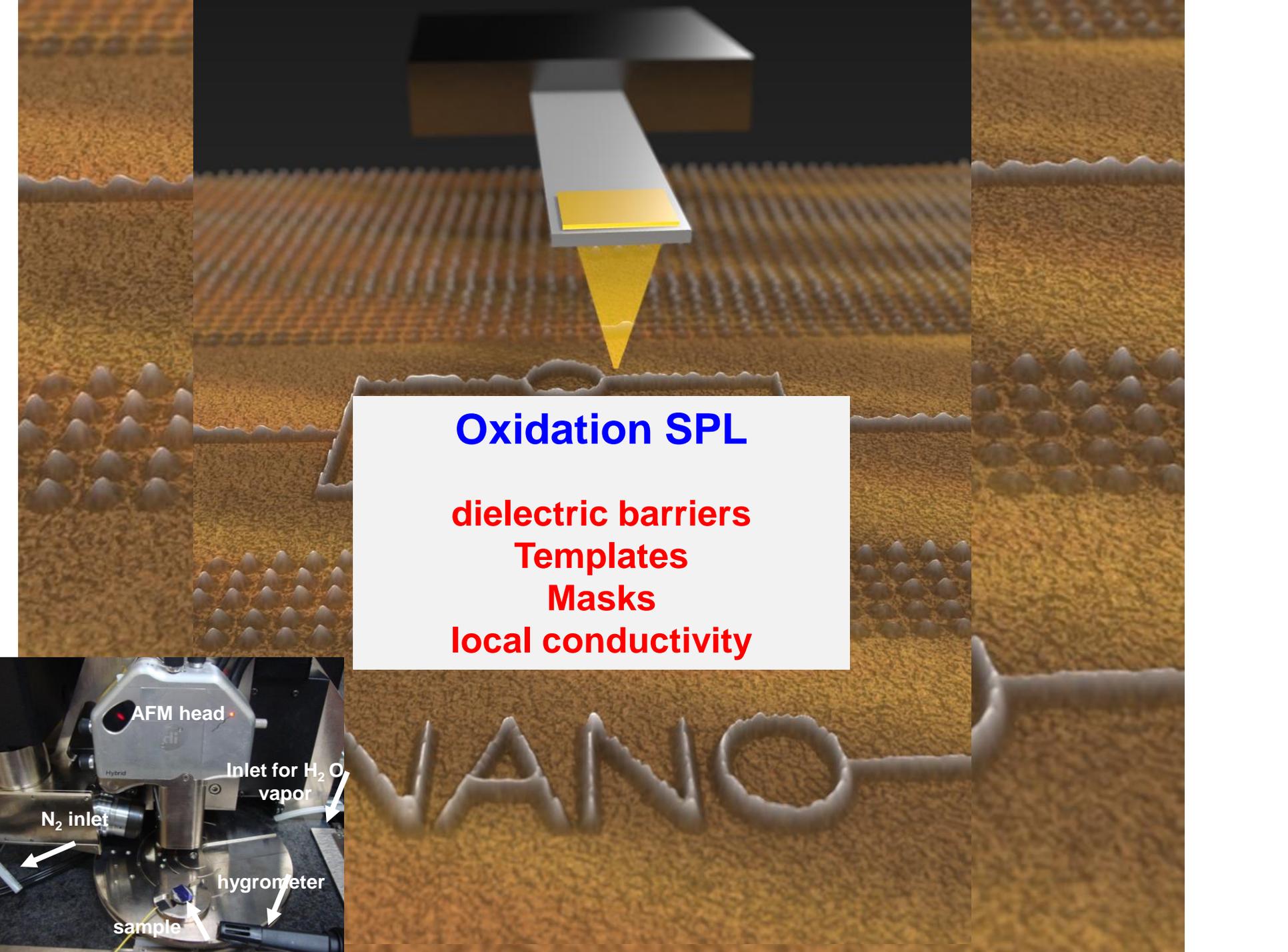
Below (2014)

# Oxidation SPL



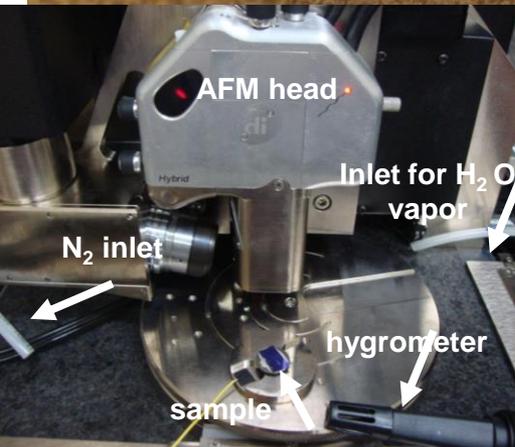
STM	dynamic AFM	high speed AFM	
1990	1993	1994-1998 1993-1999	1998-2004 2009
<b>contact AFM</b>	<b>meniscus</b>	<b>kinetics</b>	
Si, Ta, Nb, Ti, GaAs	graphene	transition metal dichalcogenides	
1990-1998	2008-2011	2015-2016	
1995-2005	2003-2010	2016	
<b>SAM</b>	<b>Protein, macromolecules patterning</b>	<b>Grey-scale patterning</b>	
Metal-oxide transistors	Quantum devices (III-V compounds)	graphene devices	2D TMD devices
1995-1998	1998-2002	2008-2013	2015-2016
1997-2008	2002-2011	2007-2012	
<b>Single electron transistors</b>	<b>Si nanowires, Complex oxides QD</b>	<b>optical devices</b>	

Y.K. Ryu, R. Garcia, *Nanotechnology* 28, 142003(2017)  
 R. Garcia, A.W. Knoll, E. Riedo, *Nat. Nanotechnol.* 9, (2)  
 R. Garcia, RV. Martinez, J. Martinez, *Chem. Soc. Rev.* 35

A 3D schematic showing a scanning probe lithography (SPL) tip, which is a sharp, tapered metal structure, in contact with a surface. The tip is positioned over a grid of small, raised features. A yellow cone of light or energy is shown emanating from the tip's apex, indicating the interaction with the surface. The surface is divided into different regions with varying topographies, including a grid of small peaks and a larger, more irregularly shaped feature.

## Oxidation SPL

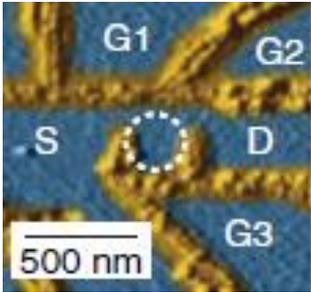
dielectric barriers  
Templates  
Masks  
local conductivity



# o-SPL:

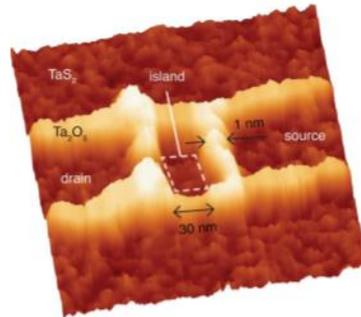
## Direct Nanopatterning a large variety of materials

GaAs



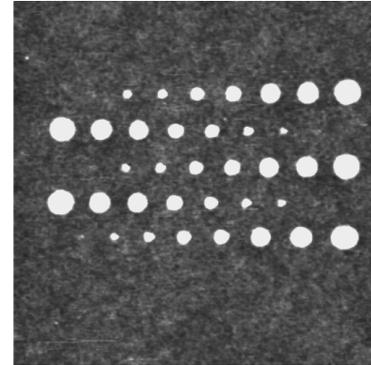
A.W. Heine, R.J. Haug et al. PRL 116, 096802 (2016)

Ta

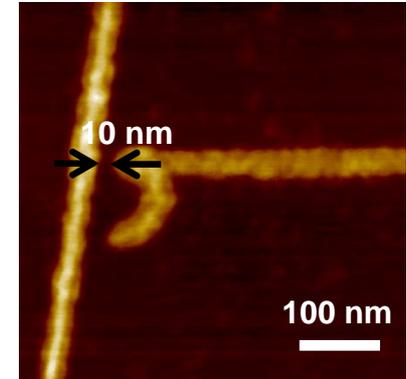


E. Coronado

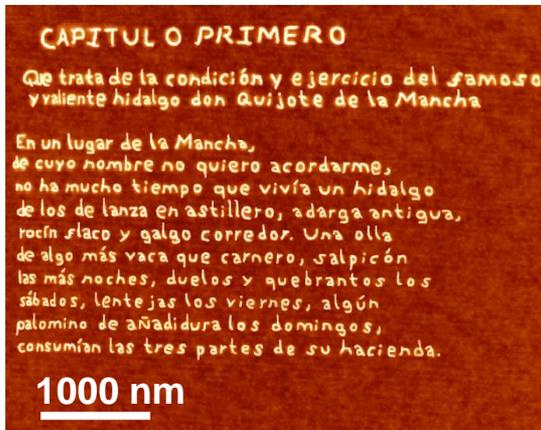
Niobium



graphene



silicon



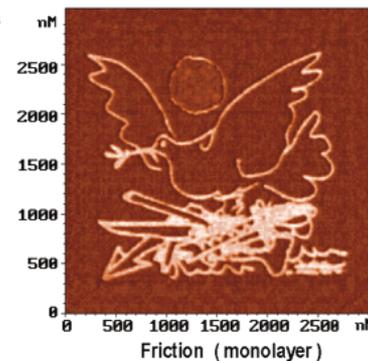
R. Garcia

SAM templates

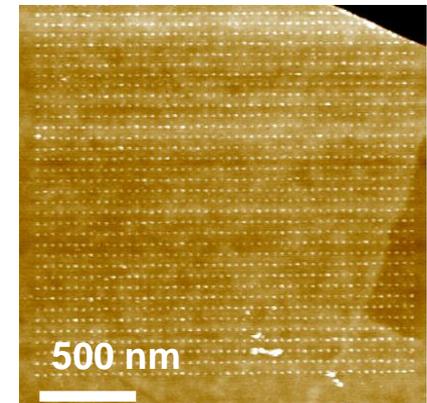
World Without Weapons  
P. Picasso, 1962



R. Maoz, S.R.Cohen and J. Sagiv.



WSe2

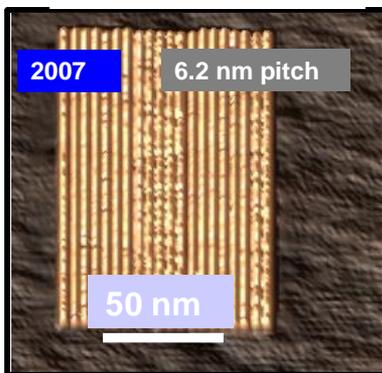
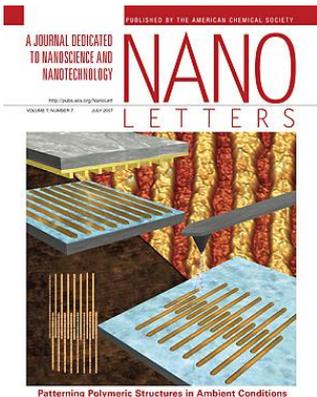
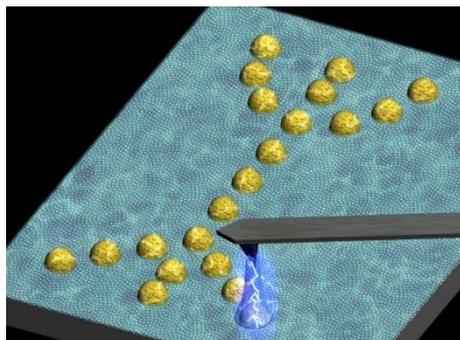


A. I. Dago, Y.K. Ryu, R. Garcia

Metals, semiconductors, Organosilanes, 2D materials, complex oxides ...

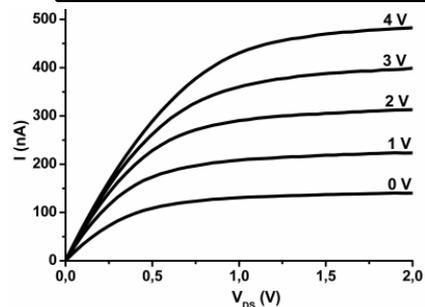
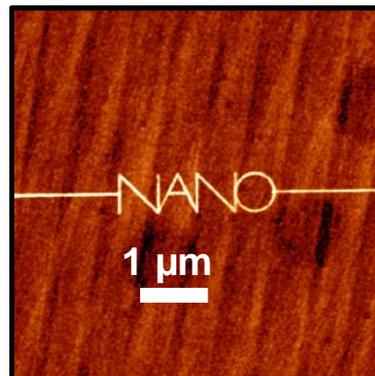
# TIP-BASED NANOFABRICATION

## Nanopatterning

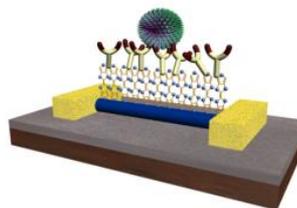


Nano Letters 7, 1846 (2007)

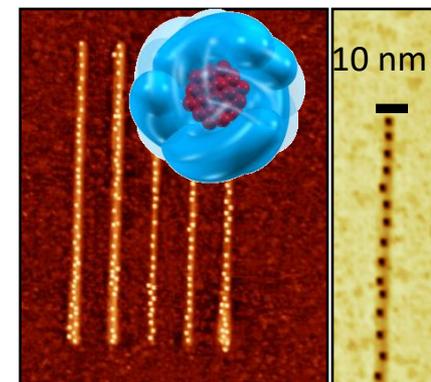
## Nanoelectronic devices



Nano Letters 11, 3636 (2008)

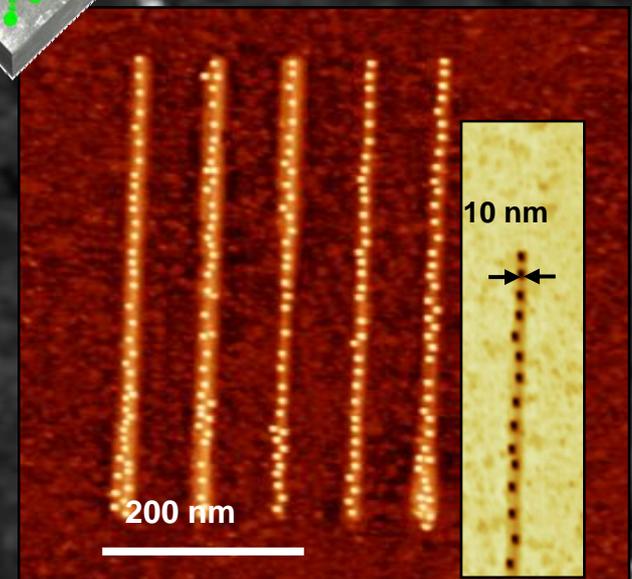
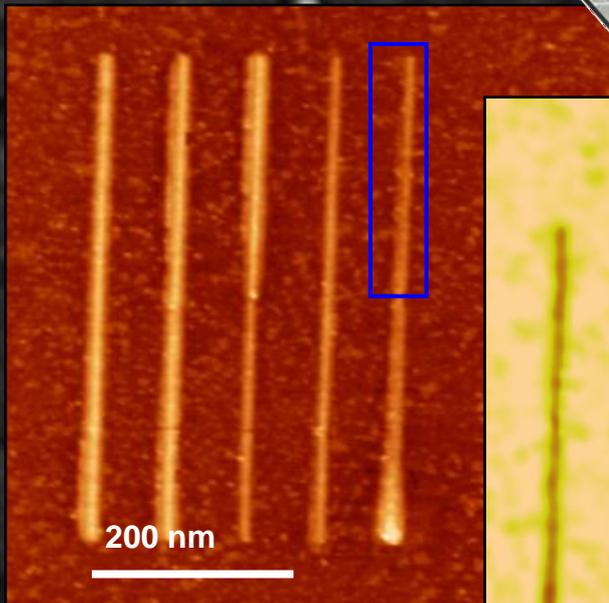
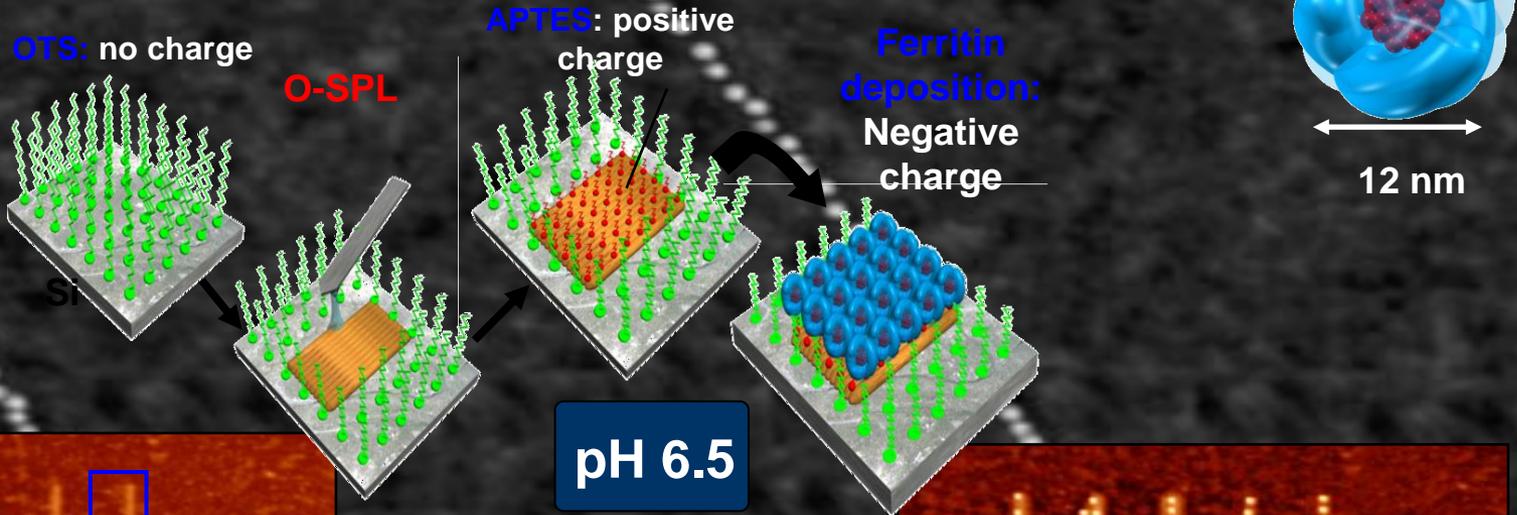


## Molecular Architectures



# Protein Patterning on SiNW

By combining nanolithography (top-down) and electrostatic interactions (bottom-up)

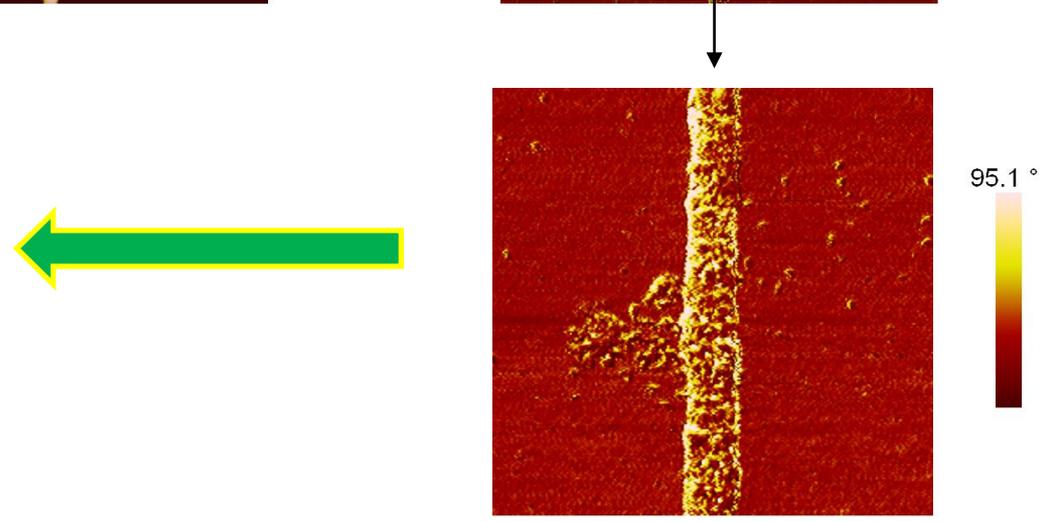
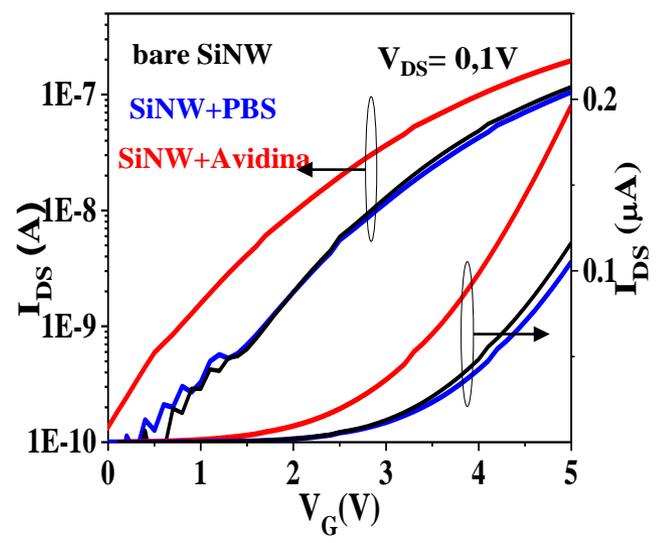
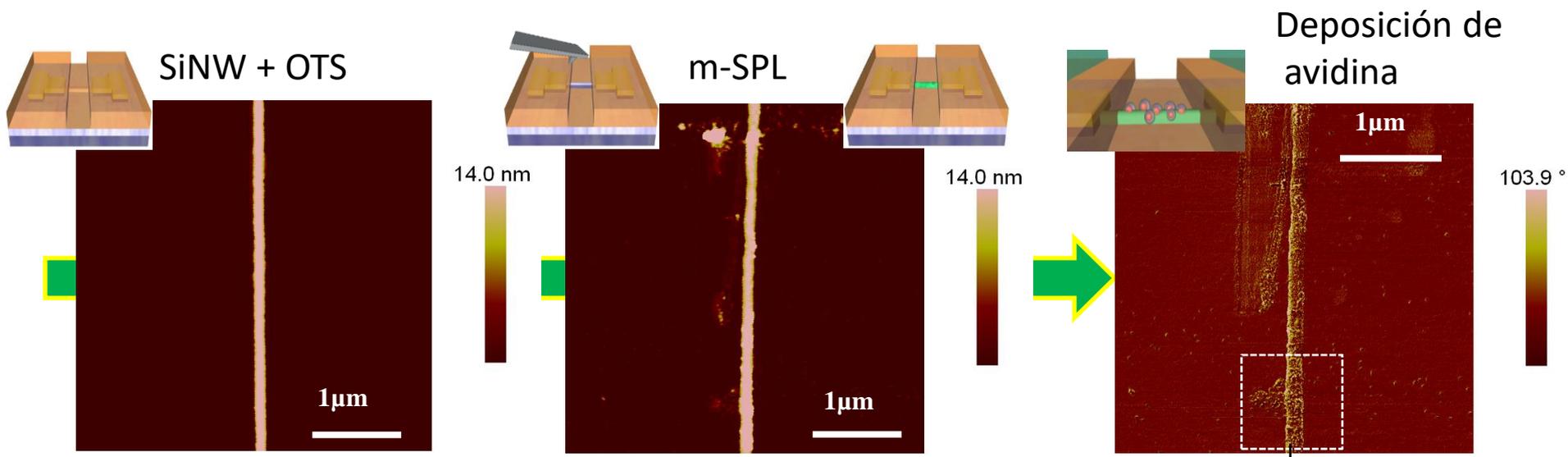


F.M. Espinosa, M. Uhlig, R. Garcia (2018);  
R.V. Martinez, M. Chiesa, R. Garcia, *Small* 7, 2914 (2011)  
R.V. Martinez *et al.*, *Adv. Mater.* 22, 588 (2010);  
R.V. Martinez *et al.*, *Adv. Mater.* 19, 291 (2007).

# SiNWs for molecular recognition

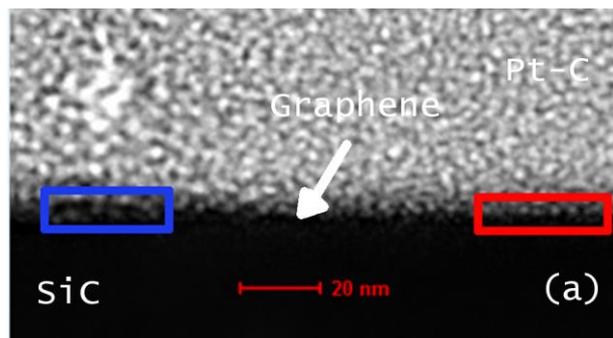
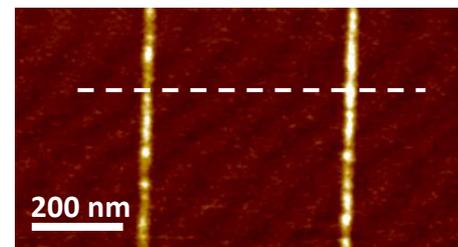
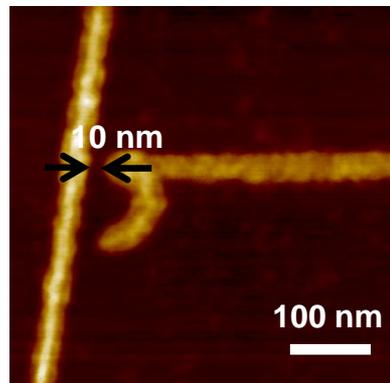
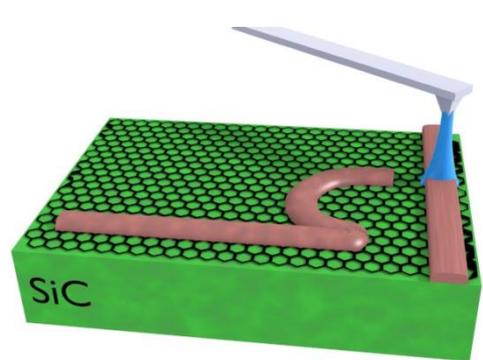


# SiNWs for molecular recognition

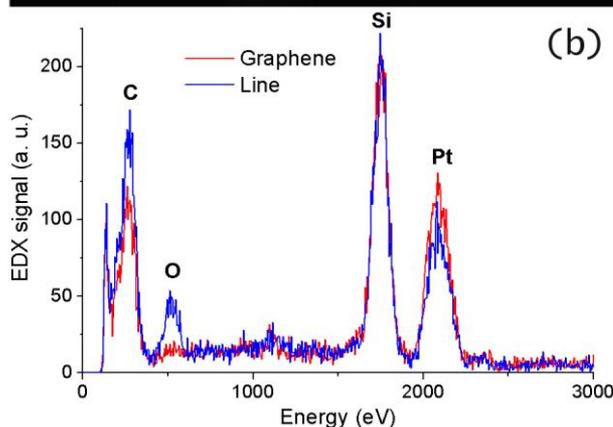


F.M. Espinosa, M.Uhlig, R. Garcia (2018).

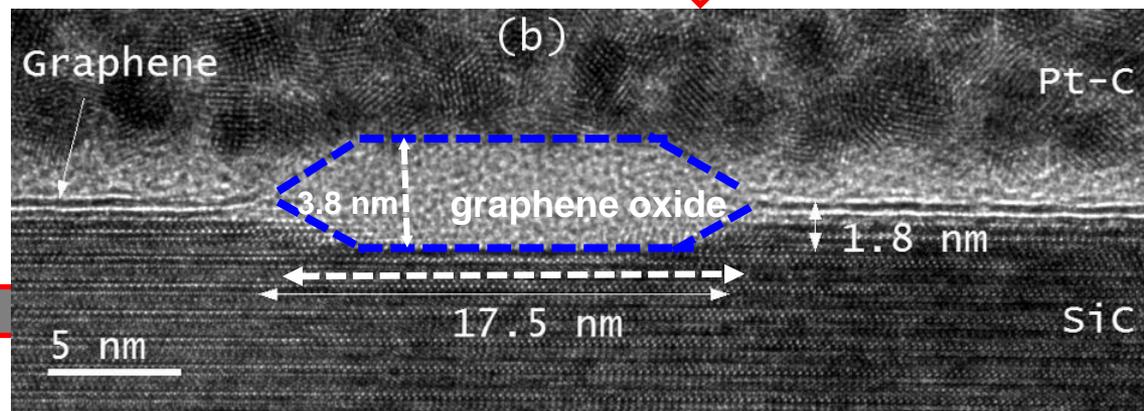
# STEM & CHEMICAL ANALYSIS of GRAPHENE PATTERNS



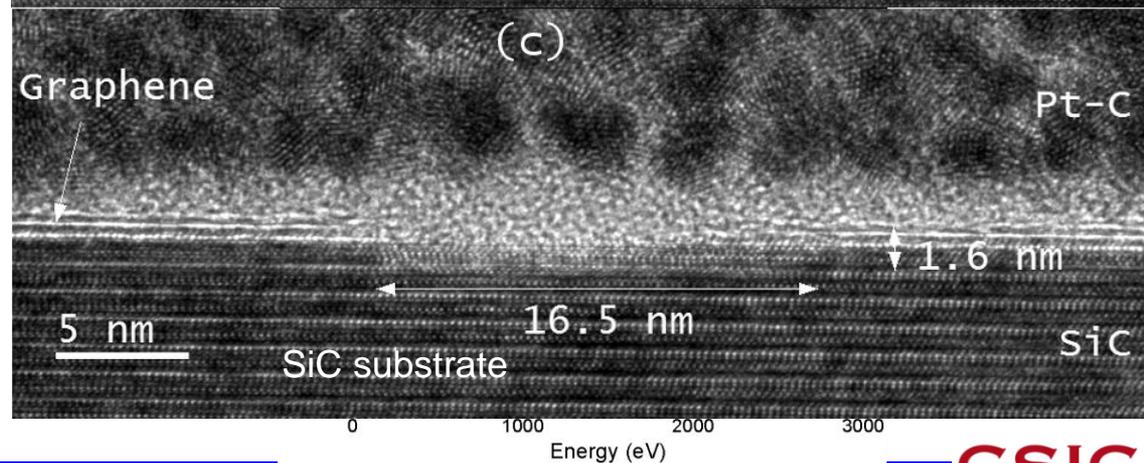
(a)



(b)



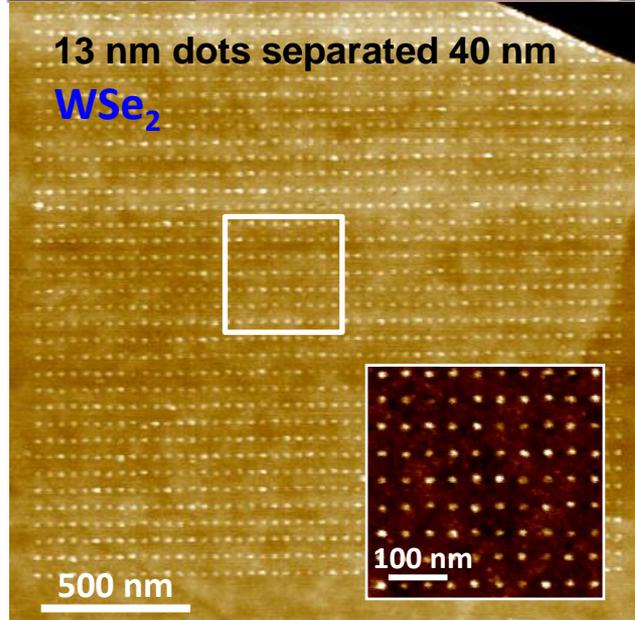
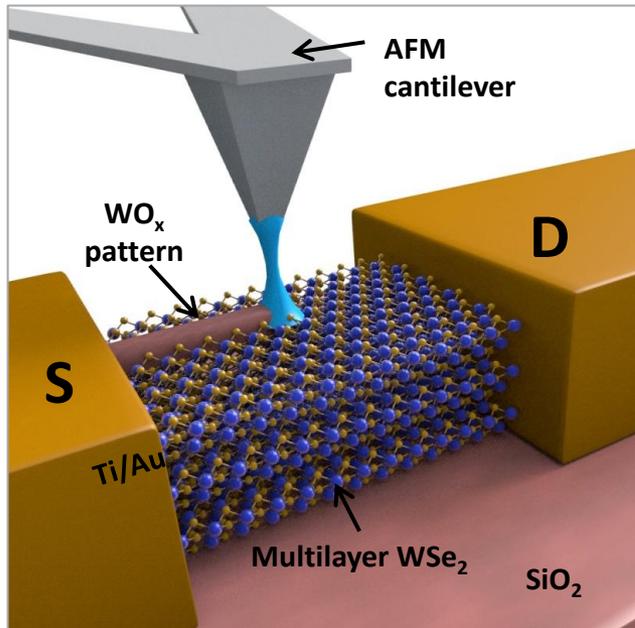
(b)



(c)

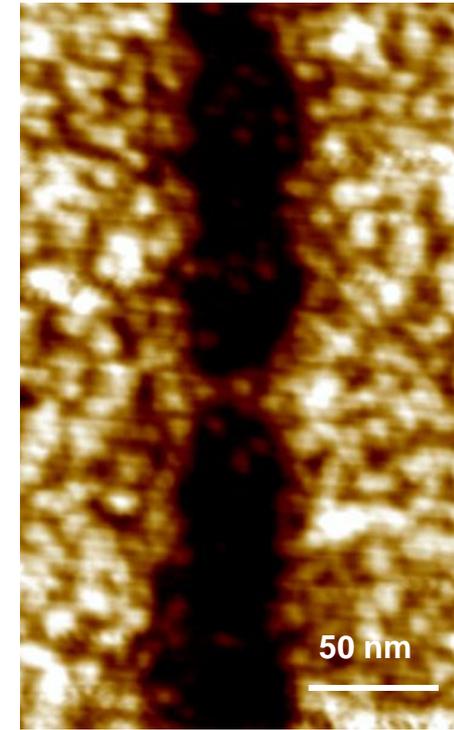
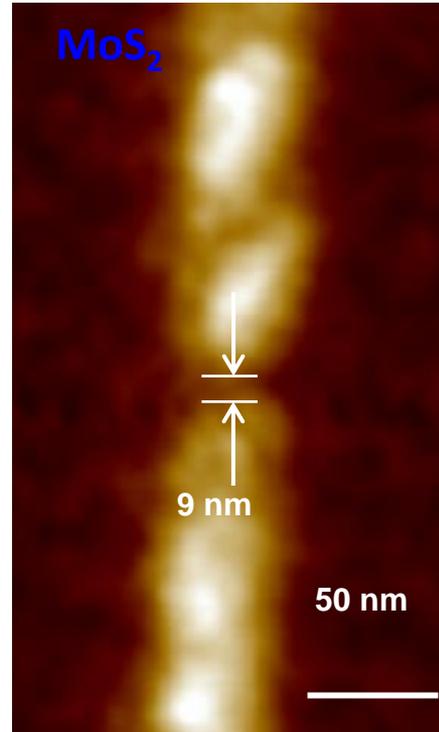
A. I. Dago, S. Sangiao, F. Rodriguez, J.M. de Teresa, R. Garcia, *Carbon* **129**, 281 (2018)

# Direct fabrication of 2D Transition Metal Dichalcogenides devices: $WSe_2$



$V_{ox} = 20.1$  V;  $t_{ox} = 1.8$  ms; 38.5% RH

After immersion in  $H_2O$

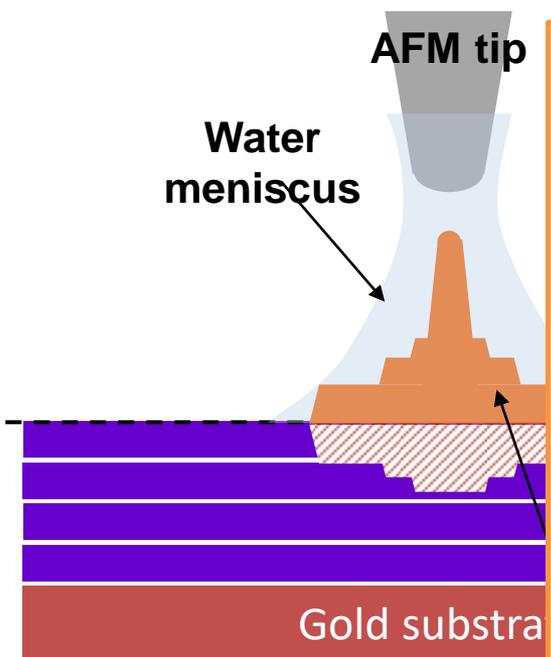


$V_{ox} = 15$  V;  $t_{ox} = 1$  ms; RH= 36 %

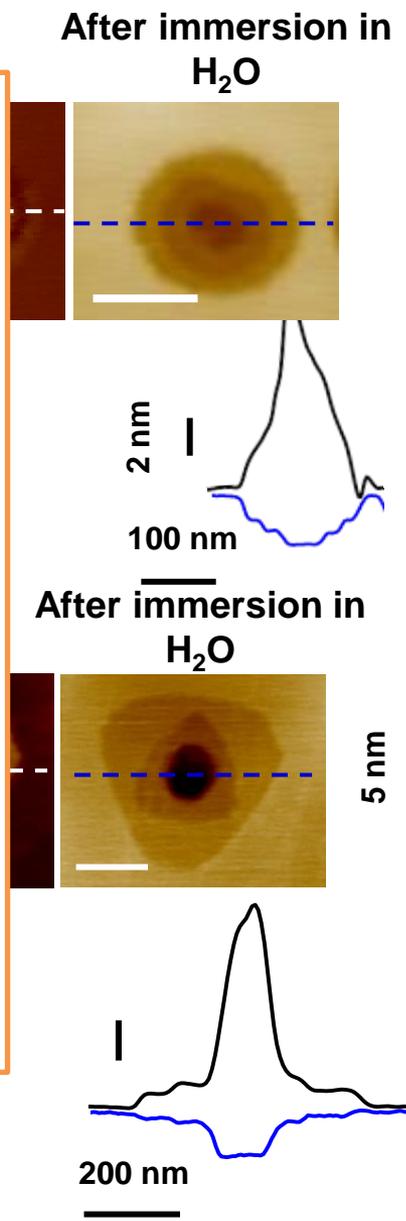
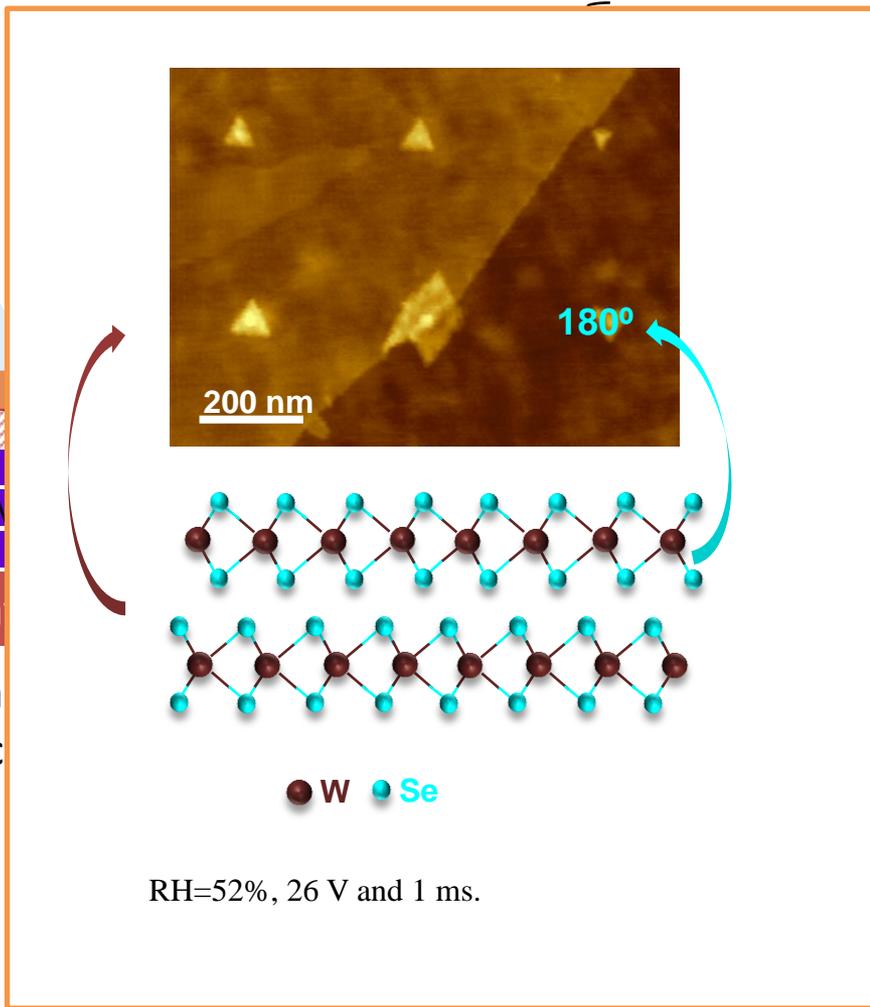
Y.K. Ryu, A.I. Dago, F.M.Espinosa et al. Appl. Surf. Sci. **539**, 148231(2021)

A. I. Dago, Y.K. Ryu, R. Garcia APL **109**, 163103 (2016)

# Anisotropic o-SPL process



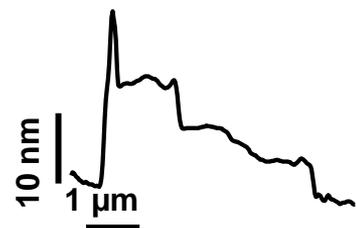
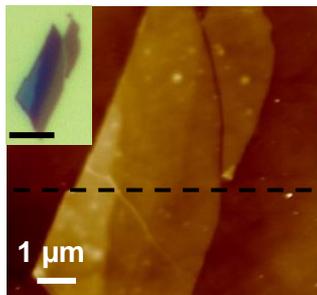
Stepwise geom  
by the simetry of the c



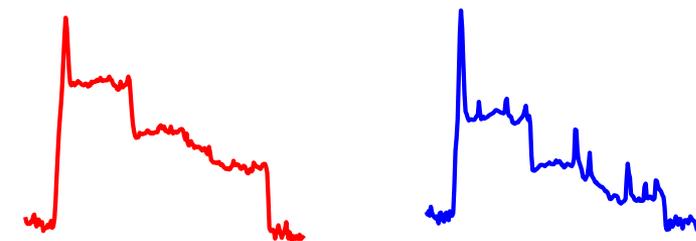
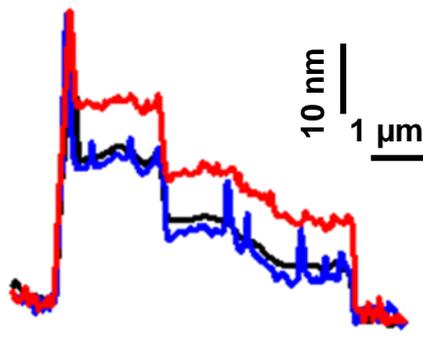
Oxygen plasma produces a very thin and uniform oxide that facilitates o-SPL

MoS<sub>2</sub>

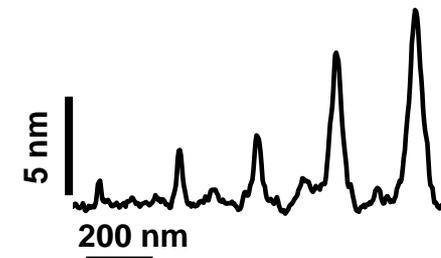
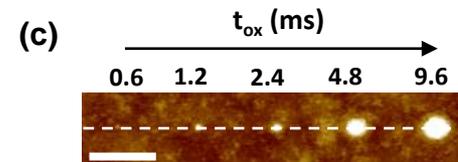
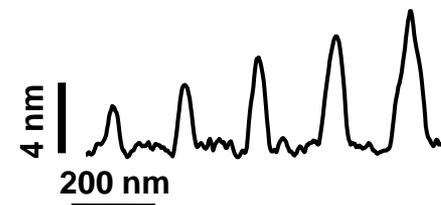
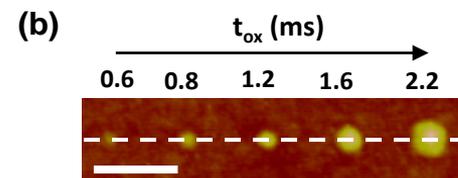
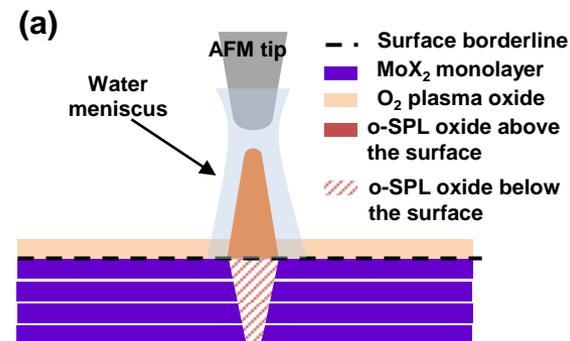
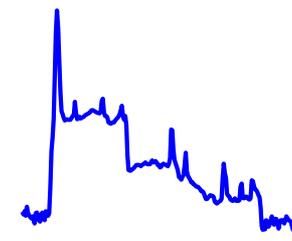
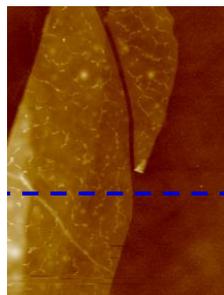
Pristine



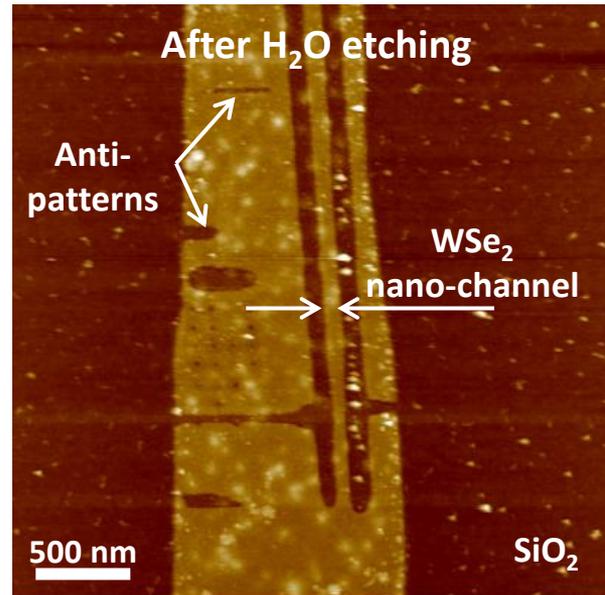
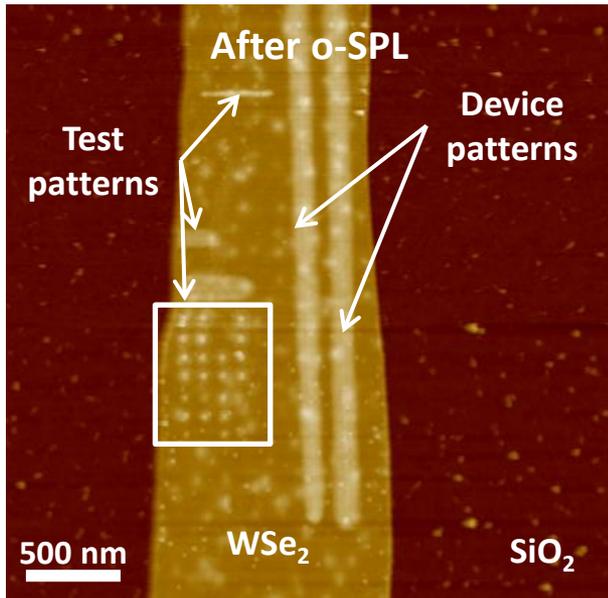
After O<sub>2</sub>



After immersion in H<sub>2</sub>O

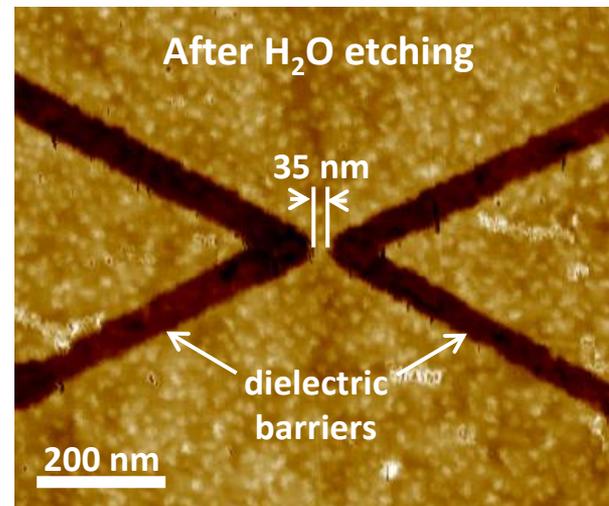
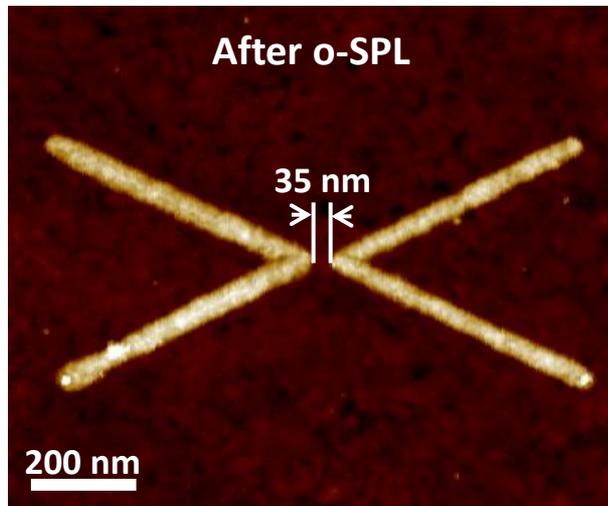


A.I. Dago, Y.K. Ryu, R.Garcia, ACS Appl. Mat. & Interfaces 10, 40054 (2018)  
 Y.K. Ryu, A.I. Dago, F.M.Espinosa et al. Appl. Surf. Sci. 539, 148231(2021)



The oxides of TMD are removed by immersion in water

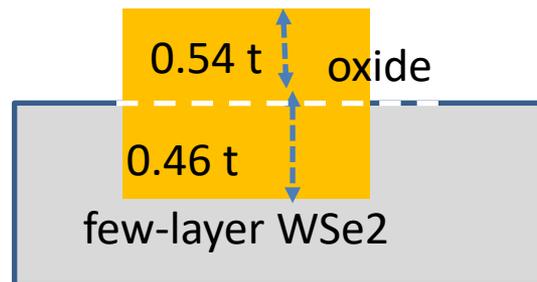
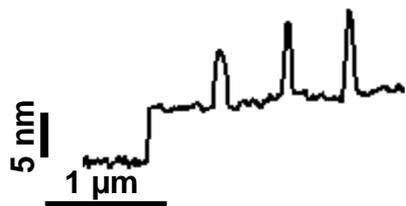
## Pattern for a Quantum point contact on WSe2



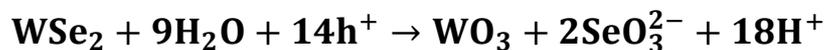
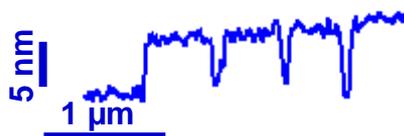
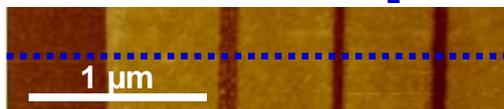
- Improves the electrical response of the device

- Facilitates processing

o-SPL lines

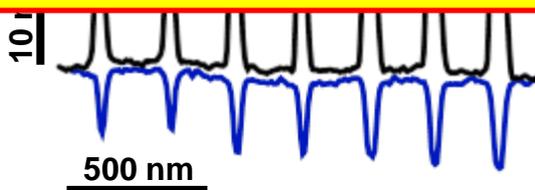
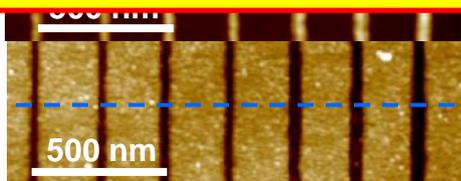


After etching in H<sub>2</sub>O



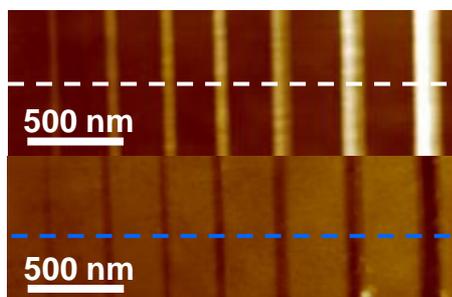
o-SPL oxides for MoS<sub>2</sub> MoSe<sub>2</sub> and WSe<sub>2</sub> are soluble in water

MoS<sub>2</sub>

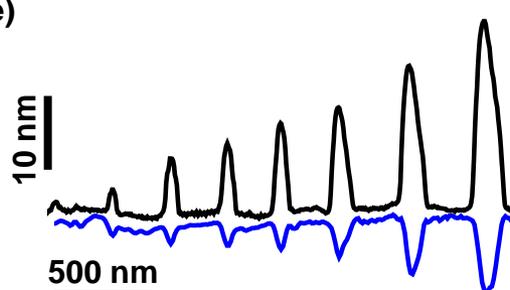


MoSe<sub>2</sub>

(d)



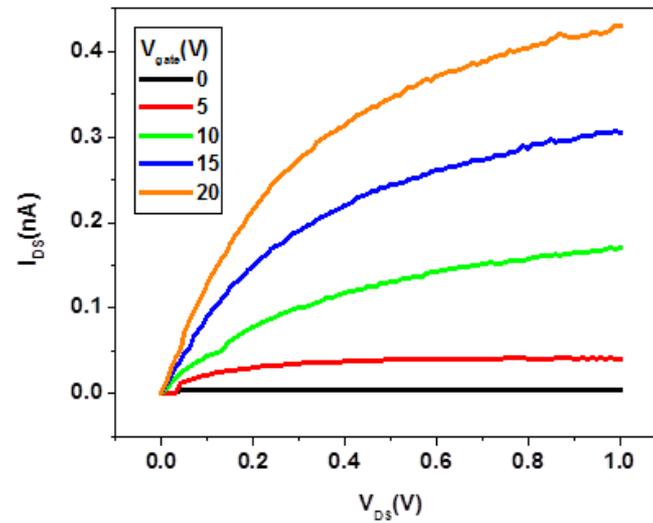
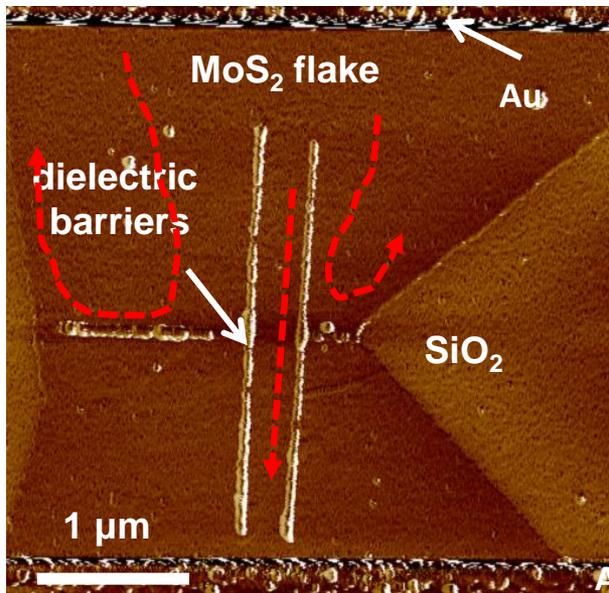
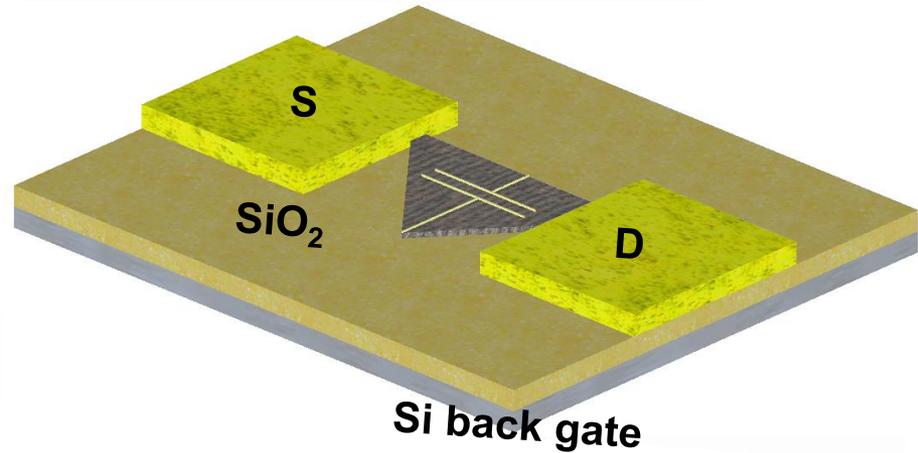
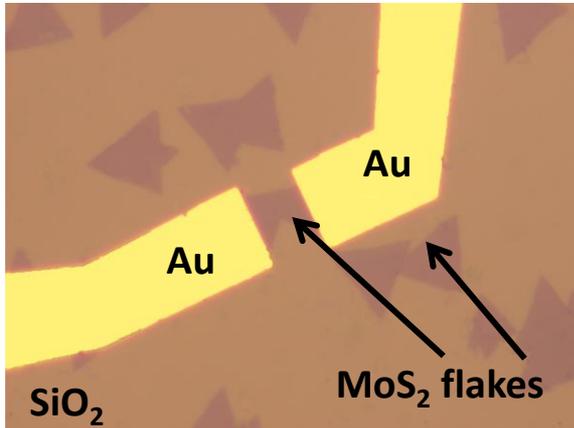
(e)



(f)

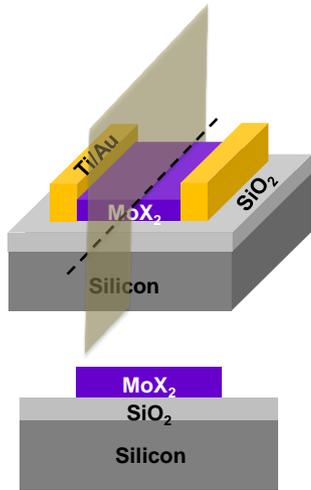
A. I. Dago, Y.K. Ryu, R. Garcia APL **109**, 163103 (2016)

# Nano-FETs based on single layer MoS<sub>2</sub>

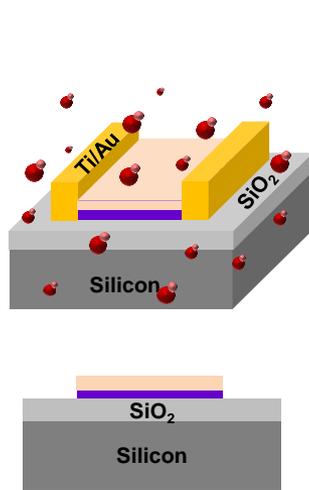


F.M. Espinosa et al. *APL* **106**, 103503 (2015)

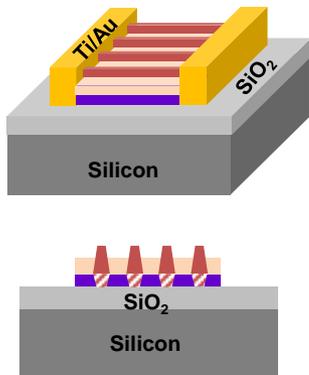
(a) MoX<sub>2</sub> thin layer FET



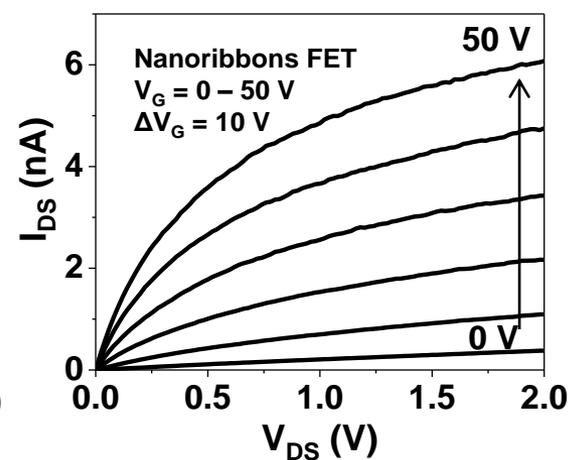
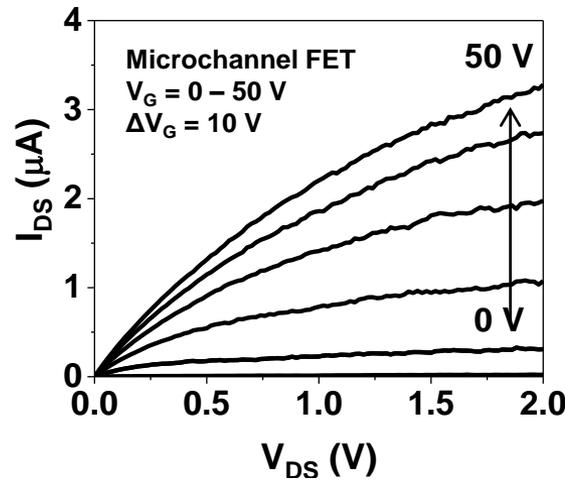
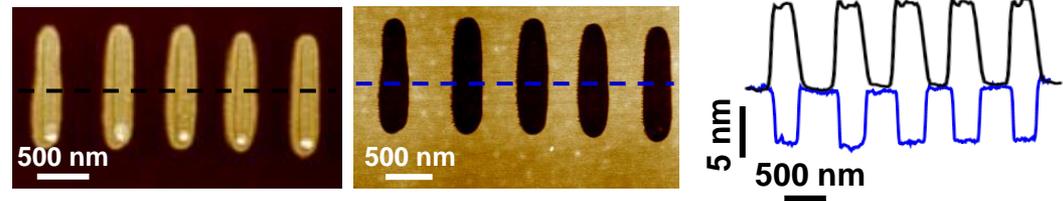
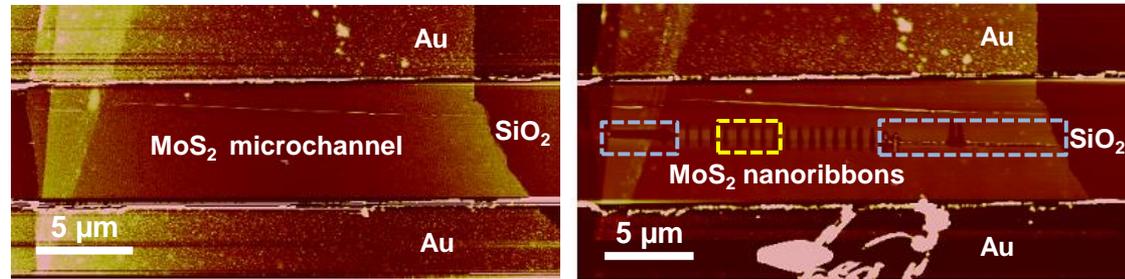
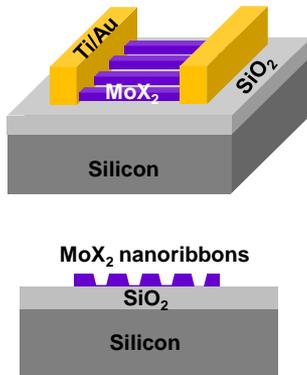
(b) Oxygen plasma treatment



(c) After o-SPL



(d) MoX<sub>2</sub> nanoribbons FET after H<sub>2</sub>O etching

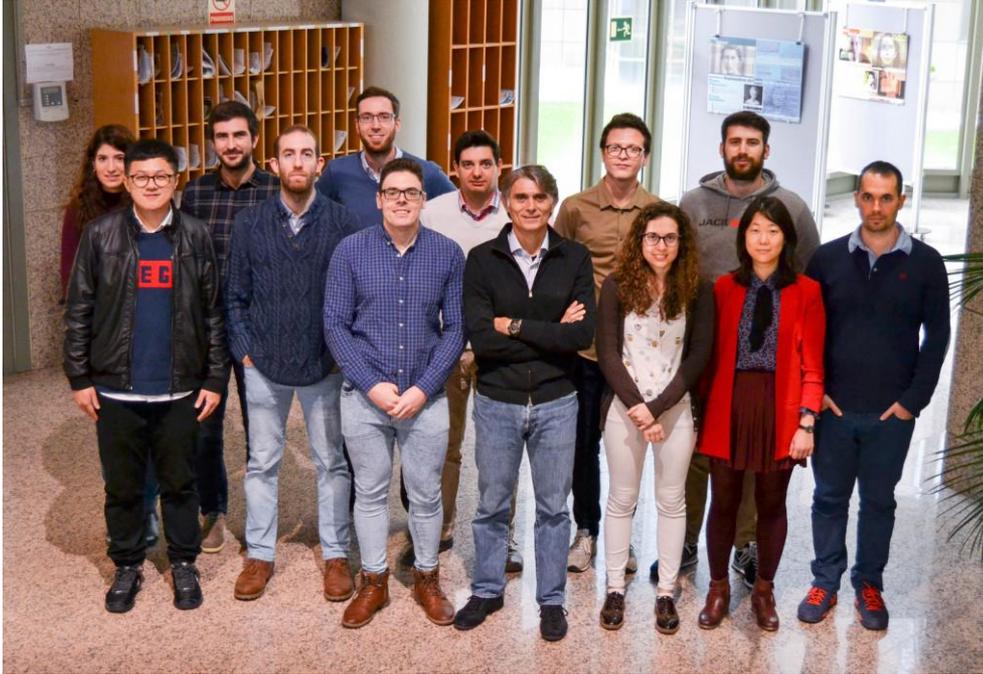


Orange layer  
MoX<sub>2</sub> layer  
Oxygen species

Oxide layer  
o-SPL oxide nanoribbons  
MoX<sub>2</sub> nanoribbons

# Acknowledgements

## Thank you for your attention !



### External collaborators

Andras Kis, EPFL, Switzerland

Armin W. Knoll, IBM Zurich

Elisa Riedo, Georgia Inst. Technol., USA

José M. de Teresa, CSIC

Soraya Sangiao, INA

rednanolito



Funded by the European Union

